

DAILY STATE SENTINEL.

WILLIAM J. BROWN, Editor.

INDIANAPOLIS:

WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 11, 1852.

"No North, no South, no East, no West under the Constitution; but a sacred maintenance of the common bond and true devotion to the common brotherhood."—Franklin Pierce.

The appointments below, when first published, contained one or two typographical errors. These have been corrected, and we hope the press in the vicinity of the points named, will give notice of the time and place of each meeting. Journal please copy.

MESSRS. WRIGHT AND McCARTY,
Candidates for Governor, will address their fellow citizens at the following places and times, viz:
Fairview, Shelby county, on Monday, August 16th, at 10 A. M.
Shelbyville, Shelby county, on Monday, August 16th, at 2 P. M.
Greensburg, Decatur county, on Tuesday, August 17th, at 1 P. M.
Napoleon, Ripley county, on Tuesday, August 17th, at 7 P. M.
Versailles, Ripley county, on Wednesday, August 18th, at 10 A. M.
Aurora, Dearborn county, on Wednesday, August 18th, at 1 P. M.
Hunting Sun, Ohio county, on Thursday, August 19th, at 1 P. M.
Vevay, Switzerland county, Friday, August 20th, at 1 P. M.
Vernon, Jennings county, Saturday, August 21st, at 1 P. M.
Lexington, Scott county, Monday, August 23d, at 1 P. M.
Little York, Washington county, Monday, August 23d, at 1 P. M.
Brownstown, Jackson county, Tuesday, August 24th, at 1 P. M.
Rockford, Jackson county, Tuesday, August 24th, at 1 P. M.
Columbus, Bartholomew county, Wednesday, August 25th, at 1 P. M.
Edinburgh, Johnson county, Thursday, August 26th, at 1 P. M.
Greenfield, Hancock county, Saturday, August 28th, at 1 P. M.
Editors and citizens will please give notice of the above appointments, as far as convenient.

JOSEPH A. WRIGHT,
NICHOLAS McCARTY.

August 9th, 1852.

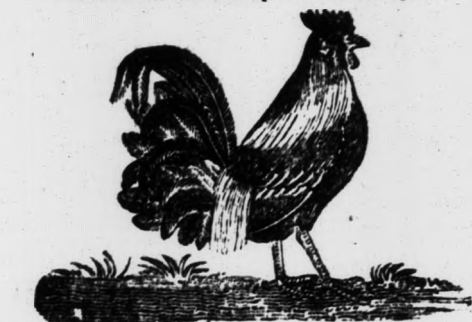
Messrs. Wright and McCarty,
Candidates for Governor, will address their fellow citizens of Morgan county, at Mooresville, on Friday, the 13th day of August, at 10 o'clock A. M., precisely. They respectfully ask prompt attendance, as they will commence their addresses at that hour.

Democratic Conventions.

The Congressional Convention for this Congressional District, will be held in this city on Saturday, August 21st.

A candidate for Circuit Judge will be nominated at the meeting of the Congressional convention.

Missouri—A Complete Triumph!



O, take your time o'ld Rooster,
And go to school and sing;
O, take your time o'ld Champion,
But crow out loud and long!

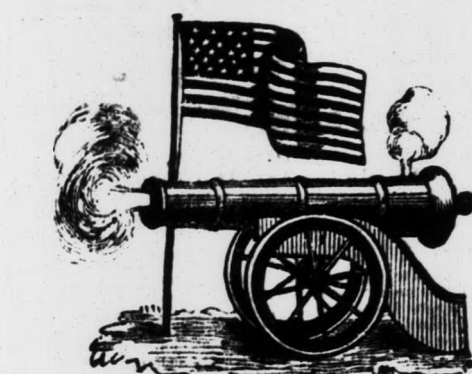
Sufficient returns have been received to insure the election of the entire Democratic ticket, by at least **TWELVE THOUSAND MAJORITY.** Democratic majority in the Legislature.

Lamb, Benton, and Phelps, Democrats, elected to Congress.

Contest between Green, Democrat, and Miller, Whig, close.

Oliver, Whig, elected in the Platte District, in consequence of two Democrats running.

Iowa.



Returns show a complete Democratic triumph. Democratic State Ticket elected, and two members of Congress. Hoza for little Iowa.

North Carolina—Glorious News So Far!

The aggregate result in 27 counties is
Reid, Democrat.....13,299
Kerr, Whig.....9,966

Reid's majority.....3,333
Reid's net gain is one hundred and forty-three.

These returns are from Kerr's section of the State. Old Rip Van Winkle is waking up. We think the prospects of Reid's election most cheering. Hurrah for little Davy. Beat the big gun of Whiggery and you shall have 99 cheers from Indiana.

Communications.

Every mail brings us communications from our friends in different parts of the State, giving the most cheering accounts of our prospects. Some of these communications are intended for publication and others are private. We regret that the crowded condition of our columns, and the great press of other important matter, must necessarily exclude many of these articles and letters. We shall publish nothing in relation to the State Election intended to reflect on the character or integrity of Nicholas McCarty. The course of the Journal in its abuse of Gov. Wright, has induced several Democrats to send in communications of a retaliatory character; but we can not publish them. Short letters giving an account of conventions and democratic meetings will always be gladly received and published.

Talk is talk, but if a man wishes a dinner that will make him feel good all over, just let him turn in at the Wright House. We availed ourselves of an invitation, from our friend, Gen. Elliot, to dine on yesterday, and when we sat down and cast our eyes up and down the table, we were not surprised at the wide spread fame of his house. Every thing that the heart of the epicure could wish was there, and we came away satisfied that the dyspeptic had no business to board with Elliot.

The telegraph, to-day, announces the death of Hon. Robert Rantoul, Jr., of Massachusetts. Mr. Rantoul was a gentleman of talents, and had a high reputation as a lawyer.

Humphrey Marshall having resigned his seat in Congress, it becomes necessary to elect a successor in the Louisville district. The Louisville Democrat and Times call for Joseph Holt, Esq., of that city, to become a candidate for the vacancy. Should Mr. Holt consent, he would unquestionably be elected by a large majority.—New Albany Ledger.

Whig Extravagance—The Effects of Gallopism.

The Whig administration of Gen. Taylor and Mr. Fillmore has cost the country, in time of profound peace, with all the world and the rest of mankind, and with the expenditure of a dollar for internal improvements, an enormous sum of \$55,442,481.00 per annum! Just look at it. That sum is—

\$4,620,266 75 per month!
1,066,201 55 per week!
152,314 53 per day!
6,347 43 per hour!
105 74 per minute!
1 76 per second!!!!

Nearly two dollars spent at every clogging of the clock! That is more money than half a dozen men could count, (if it were all in dollars,) working ten hours a day. Farmers what do you think of it? If you wish this extravagant expenditure continued, vote for Scott.

The expenditures during Mr. Polk's administration, in time of war, were \$43,897,916 51 per annum. The Whig expend in time of peace, NEARLY ONE THIRD MORE.

A correspondent of the New York Express said, that several Canadians proposed drinking the health of Gen. Scott if some gentlemen would drink the health of the Queen! At this dreadful offense the "Sentinel" thus breaks out:

"No doubt but the Royal Subjects of Queen Victoria, in Canada, would rejoice at the election of Gen. Scott. This is what we have always supposed. So it seems the Whigs drank the health of the Queen. We have only to say, that the man claiming to be an American citizen, who would drink health and success to England's Royal Queen, ought to vote for Scott. We want no such votes for Frank Pierce."

That is about as low a specimen of demagoguery as can be found in these days, even if Tammany Hall should be searched for it. This same paper that is so horrified that an American should drink the Queen's health, is the supporter of the present British tariff that sends the gold which we get from California to pay for British manufactured goods.—Indiana Journal.

Call it demagoguery, or what you will, we are opposed to drinking the health of Queen Victoria, and opposed to all who will so far degrade themselves, as American citizens, to be guilty of such an act. They ought to remove to Canada at once. As to the tariff, we are in favor of the American Tariff of 1846, and in favor of the present British tariff, by which we enjoy a reciprocity of trade, without the products of American farmers being taxed to exclusion.

More Backing Out.

The Mississippian of the 30th ult., says, that "Col. Alexander K. McClung, who was placed by the Whig Convention which assembled in Jackson in May last, on the electoral ticket for the State at large, has declined serving, because he is unwilling to support Gen. Scott for the Presidency." Col. McClung, under the administration of Gen. Harrison, was Marshal of Mississippi; was Lieut. Colonel of the Mississippi Regiment, and greatly distinguished himself in the battle at Monterey, where he was severely wounded. Under Gen. Taylor's administration he was Minister to Bolivia. He is a brother of Rev. J. A. McClung of this city, and is a gentleman of high position, of ability, and influence.

"I won't do it!"—This is the exclamation made by hundreds of Democrats in reference to the County ticket formed by the Democratic Convention last Saturday. It is decidedly the weakest ticket ever presented by them for the suffrages of the people.—Ind. Journal.

Democrats of Marion county, do you hear that? Are you willing to unite with Deerees, Bradley, & Co. to secure the defeat of the Democratic ticket and the triumph of the Whig party? If so join their standard. But if you love your Democracy better than men, then support the Democratic ticket—the whole ticket, and no part of the Whig ticket. Close up the column—present a united front.

The Journal last March, advocated the election of John Coburn to the Senate, who was in favor of the Maine law.—State Sentinel.

Mr. Coburn was not in favor of the Maine law, although asserted, at the time, in a sneaking, lying handbill issued from the "Sentinel" office immediately on the eve of the election, when there was no time to refute the charge.—Ind. Journal.

If Mr. Coburn was opposed to the Maine law, then it was his friends and not his opponents that slandered him.

[For the Indiana State Sentinel.]

TO THE EDITOR OF THE SENTINEL.—As questions are frequently asked the undersigned, relative to the amount of heat which the American Porcelain wares are capable of enduring without injury, we submitted on Thursday last, specimens of the same to our well known and enterprising townsmen, A. M. & P. G. C. Hunt, Dentists, in order that the question might be definitely answered. The certificate of the Messrs. Hunt, we here with send you and beg the favor of its insertion in your paper. It will be seen that the results of the severe tests to which it was subjected are truly astonishing, and that the body of the ware remains unaffected at a degree of heat at which even cast iron is turned into slag. We solicit the publication of this article in the belief that the public is interested in knowing the comparative durability and hence economy of a large range of articles which are demanded by the every day wants of nearly every family in the land.

Very respectfully yours,

MORRIS & BULLARD,

Agents for Marion Co.

Having, at the request of Messrs. Morris & Bullard, submitted specimens of the American Porcelain wares to various degrees of temperature, in a furnace specially arranged for obtaining high degrees of heat, in the manufacture of teeth and the artificial gum recently invented and used by the undersigned, we find that at 1873 deg. Fahrenheit, which perfectly softens crown glass, no change is seen in specimens of the American Porcelain ware, neither body nor enamel, while at the same time, the ordinary white earthenware is partially fused; at 2016 deg. Fahrenheit, the ordinary white earthenware is perfectly softened, while the enamel of the Porcelain ware is somewhat softened, but still the body remains entire. At 2786 deg. Fahrenheit, the melting point of cast iron, the enamel is melted but the body remains unchanged; and even by the highest degree of heat usually obtained in a Dentist's furnace, this article remains without appreciable change; and that in cooling we found that sudden transition of temperature to the amount of nearly 200 deg. did not break or crack the specimens.

A. M. HUNT, M. D., } Dentists.

P. G. C. HUNT, }

The nomination of Mr. English by the Democratic convention at Corydon was received with the most rapturous applause. He was called to the stand and made some appropriate remarks, in return for the high compliment paid him by the convention.

Hon. Nathaniel Albertson was then called upon, who returned his thanks for the flattering vote he had received. He then spoke warmly in favor of Mr. English, and declared that he should use every exertion to secure his election. This announcement, (although unnecessary, for every body knew Mr. A. was too good a Democrat, to let any private disappointment interfere with his duty as a Democrat,) was received with thunders of applause.

Dr. Arthon, of Clark, then spoke briefly, warmly endorsing Mr. English, whom he said he had known from his earliest boyhood.—New Albany Ledger.

THE FAKER OF SYR.—This noted individual, whose real name is Haskell, robbed his traveling companion, a Mr. Maguire, of two trunks, containing \$100, at a hotel in New York a few days ago, and made tracks for the South. Mr. Maguire is in hot pursuit of the fugitive, and we hope that he will overtake him.—New Albany Ledger.

Letter from Gen. Pillow.

HIS OPINION OF FRANKLIN PIERCE.

As everything touching the character of Gen. Pierce, as well as the opinion of our public men, now interests the public, I have thought it not improper to give you, for publication, an extract of a private letter, dated the 15th day of May, 1847, and delivered to me in the city of Puebla, Mexico, by the late Brigadier-General, Pierce and Cadwalader, who will be under your immediate command, are noble men. Gen. Pierce is now the first man in New England. He is a man of fine talents. He is my personal friend, and you may fully confide in him. He was with me in the House of Representatives for several years, and was afterwards in the Senate. Gen. Cadwalader is a gentleman of high character, and of decided military reputation. You may well be proud of two such officers under your command.

Of General Cadwalader, who is not before the country, it is not my purpose to make any remark. His character for gallant conduct and chivalric bearing has never been, and never will be, questioned. Nor should I deem it necessary to add a single remark to the paragraph so fully expressive of the opinion of the late distinguished Ex-President of the nation, except for the very unjust, illiberal, and false reflections upon the conduct of Gen. Pierce, while an officer of the army in Mexico, by certain eastern presses, and by Senator Jones and Mr. Netherland, of Tennessee.

In the operations of the army in the valley of Mexico, Gen. Pierce fully sustained the exalted opinion of Ex-President Polk, which will be seen by reference to the reports of Major-General Scott and Worth, and those of my own. These despatches were all prepared with a personal knowledge of the gallant bearing of Gen. Pierce, and at a time and under circumstances exempting those officers from any possible motive to over-estimate the importance of his services or the character of his conduct.

The reports of the first and last of these officers agree in the statement of fact, that General Pierce was severely injured by the fall of his horse on the rocks of the Pedregal, while gallantly leading his brigade in the battle of Contreras. He also bore full testimony to the fact, that though so badly injured, he might have retired to the hospital as disabled for duty, and though barely able to keep his saddle, yet he remained upon duty, and led his gallant brigade into the bloody battle of Churubusco, and continued in its command until overcome by exhaustion and pain, he fainted, fell from his horse, and was borne from the field.

When it is known to the country that the whole army, including Gen. Pierce, had been upon duty from early on the morning of the 19th till late in the day of the 20th of August, without refreshments or repose, and that Gen. Pierce was so badly injured by the fall of his horse that he lay upon the field and in the midst of the Pedregal all night, and that next day he was "barely able to keep his saddle," before this long and bloody battle commenced, after a long and hot pursuit of the enemy; when these facts are known to the country as they are to those who shared in the glories and suffering of that field, I am persuaded that no one will either feel or express surprise that Gen. Pierce's physical strength overcome with long-continued suffering, pain, and exhaustion, should have given way, and that he should have fainted and fallen from his horse. But it is presuming a great deal to suppose that those who bore him from the field should not have known the difference between an officer whose physical strength was actually so over-taxed, and in a state of total helplessness and unconsciousness, and one who had, from timidity, affected this condition.

But it is impossible for an intelligent people to believe that had an officer of Gen. Pierce's rank and command acted, his immediate division commander, and Gen. Scott himself, and Generals Worth and Shields, the former of the two on the field, the latter the latter commanding him in that part of it—it would all have concurred in making out false reports to the government; thus dishonoring themselves to screen from merited commendation and disgrace an officer who had basely and cowardly shrunk from duty. Those who entertain this opinion utterly discredit and dishonor all those officers, and among them Gen. Scott himself; for upon no other supposition can the character and conduct of Gen. Pierce's forage and gallantry be called in question.

Why not call in question that of General Scott himself? Because during the battle of Contreras he was, with the exception of a short period, at San Augustine; while during the battle of Churubusco he was at Cayan; and during the battle of Molino del Rey and during the storming of Chapultepec, he was at Tacubaya. And yet who has ever done so? Gen. Scott might have been nearer these fields. He was, however, near enough to successfully direct the operations of the army, as the result fully shows.

He knew that the army required not his immediate presence to inspire it to deeds of courage and heroic daring. He knew that no results would be obtained by unnecessarily exposing his person, and hence he prudently and wisely occupied positions, though somewhat remote, from which he could safely direct the operations of the army. Yet it would be as reasonable and as just to reflect upon General Scott's conduct and character for gallantry as General Pierce's.

If General Pierce had sought a less active participation in these bloody operations, the wound he received by the fall of his horse would have thrown him out of the after operations, as he would as he could with honor have retired to the hospital or his tent, as disabled for duty, and thus have avoided all risk in the battle of Churubusco. If, following the injury he received on the 19th, he had a less distinguished part than did others, yet his participation was by no means a negative one.

An officer, who won honorable mention for gallantry and good conduct, in battles where all had so full and glorious a share, in the official reports of every officer upon the field who was his senior, (including Gen. Scott himself,) could have no negative part upon other fields, and among officers less distinguished, his services would have satisfied the highest aspirations of the most ambitious soldier.

Having a personal knowledge of the facts here stated, I feel it a duty of honor to state them, in vindication of the character of a brother officer, unjustly reflected upon by those knowing personally nothing of the facts; and if I know myself, I would not, by my silence, acquiesce in any false statement before the public, to the detriment of the pride and sensibilities of an American soldier, whether Whig or Democrat.

I have no wish to throw myself before public, nor into the canvass, nor before the country, nor to make any issue with any portion of the press. Neither do I seek or wish a collision with any gentleman of the Whig party. I have the honor of a personal acquaintance, and of kind relations, with both the gentlemen named above, as of my own State, and I mention their names that I may be understood as correcting their statements. But, be this as it may, the imputa is unjust, is false, and calumnious. I am, sir, with great respect,

Your obedient servant,

GIDEON J. PILLOW.

The Issue in a Nut Shell.

PIERCE ON A NATIONAL BANK.—"I believe such an institution one of deadly hostility to the best interest of the country, dangerous to our republican institutions and the liberties of the people."

GEN. SCOTT ON A NATIONAL BANK.—"I have long been under conviction that, in peace in war, something in the nature of a Bank of the United States is necessary to the success of our operations, as to many of the wants of our commerce and currency."

Here is the issue. Here (says the Batavis Spirit of the Times) is the opinion of each of the rival candidates for the Presidency upon the subject of a National Bank—a question first agitated by Jefferson and which for a century has constituted the main feature in the line of division between the two great parties of the country. Young Democrats and young men of the country, choose you this day whom you will serve. Will you tread in the footsteps of the fathers of democracy who have always maintained that a National Bank was an "obsolete idea"? These support the election of Gen. Pierce. If, on the contrary, you believe such an institution warranted by the Constitution, and to be necessary, and proper, and indispensable, then bow to the money power and vote for Gen. Scott.—Buffalo Courier.

The hundreds of Democrats who met at Corydon yesterday from all parts of this Congressional district, expressed but one opinion as to the prospects of the Democracy at the coming election. Zeal and harmony prevail in our ranks. All came with a firm determination to give a cordial support to the Democratic nomination, and will do so. The Democracy of Indiana have never been so brilliant in triumph during the last nine years, but the most brilliant of all will be those of October and November next.—New Albany Ledger.

Speeches, Ind., July 31, 1852.

The Democrats of Owen county met in convention in the Court House, Spencer, Ind., July 31st, 1852, for the purpose of selecting suitable candidates for the different offices, at the ensuing election.

The convention was organized by calling D. M. Dobson to the chair, and J. M. Stucky secretary. The following persons were unanimously nominated by the convention:

For Representative, Theodore C. Jennings; for Treasurer, William H. Fritts; for Sheriff, Samuel Scott; for Coroner, Anderson B. Mills; for Auditor, James O. Phillips; for Commissioner of the 1st District, James Q. Denning; for Commissioner of the 3d District, Obadiah Winters.

On resolution, delegates were appointed to attend the Senatorial and Congressional conventions.

The following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That we recommend the Hon. D. M. Dobson as a suitable person to represent us in Congress, subject to the decision of the Bowlinggreen convention.

Resolved, That we recommend the Hon. G. W. Moore as a suitable person for Senator in the general assembly of the State, subject to the decision of the Freedom convention.

Resolved, That we recommend the Hon. W. M. Franklin as a suitable person for Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, and F. T. Brown as Prosecuting Attorney of said Court.

Resolved, That we approve of the National platform adopted at the last Democratic National Convention, and will heartily support the nominees of that Convention.

Resolved, That a copy of the proceedings of this convention be forwarded to the State Sentinel and North Western Gazette for publication.

D. M. DOBSON, President.

J. M. STUCKY, Secretary.

GREAT GATHERING OF THE DEMOCRACY AT NEWARK, N. Y.—A tremendous democratic gathering took place at Newark, N. Y., on Monday last. About 20,000 persons were present, including delegations from the Empire and Granite Clubs of New York. Three different stands were erected, from which the multitude were addressed by the different speakers, among them Hon. David A. Smalley of Vermont; Hon. John A. Dix, Hon. Mr. Smith from Connecticut, Hon. Stephen A. Douglas, Messrs. Wright Hawkes, Carnes, Capt. Ryderson, E. E. Camp, Lorenzo B. Shepherd, Capt. Jos. A. Yard of New Jersey, (a "brick"), Zadock Pratt, Augustus Schneel (principal Chairman), John Van Buren, John I. Mumford, Gen. Wallbridge, Daniel E. Sickles, John Cochran, and others. We regret that we cannot give even an abstract of the many eloquent speeches delivered. In the course of his remarks, Mr. Douglas said, for the first time in the history of this republic, one of the two parties were organizing under the general-in-chief of the American army. In the early days of the republic the people elected a citizen soldier, who only drew his sword when the nation was in danger, and only sheathed it when the invader was driven from our borders. It was very different when a military chief held his office with an iron grasp, and spent the salary of that office in electioneering.

The greatest enthusiasm prevailed, and every assurance was given that the heart of the Empire beat strong and soundly for Pierce and King.

If we were informed by an intelligent Whig who returned from Niagara, that the meeting there was highly respectable in numbers, but disappointed him in its enthusiasm. He acknowledged it to have been a failure. He thinks there were 15,000 present—but whether it was a political celebration or not, he could hardly say. The truth is the affair ended, as we predicted it would, in a failure; a failure, and one that is timely warning to those who have been misled by the Niagara failure.—Detroit Free Press.

We do suppose that of all the flaxing humbugs that was ever got up by a party of some age and numbers, this expedition to Canada to secure up Whig votes has been the greatest. We regret that Republican Government and free suffrage should be disgraced by such a piece of tomfoolery—out of place—out of character—out of everything but rampant, run-mad Whiggery.—Ohio Statesman.

General Pierce the Poor Man's Friend.

No mis-statement seems too gross or improbable for the Whig Press to indorse in regard to the political career of General Pierce. In its last issue, the Whig gives some of the provisions of a Land Bill introduced into the Senate, and designed to reduce the price of the public domain to actual settlers to the rate of fifty cents an acre, &c. The votes of Pierce and King are given among the nays as opposed to these provisions. We should like to know the authority of the "Whig" in the statement. Our readers will find the provisions referred to in another column, and he will find the names of Pierce and King recorded among the ayes, in their favor, and that of William A. Graham, the Whig candidate for Vice President, among the nays, in opposition to them!—Laporte Times.

A well-paid General.

Gen. SCOTT has been a leader at the public crib for some forty-four years, receiving during that time a yearly average of \$5,513, or an aggregate of \$247,000. No longer ago than 1836, and while in the receipt of this large and full pay per annum, he was an applicant before Congress for the benefit of the invalid pension act, and was telling that he had been wounded in Canada and was not able to do active duty. His petition was reported against unanimously.

He is a pretty well paid General; but, not content with the "pile" he has pocketed, he now is reaching after the chief civil station of the country which will give him one hundred thousand dollars more.

Avast, There.

The New Haven Register, pretty well fitted for judging, calls some of the Whig editors to task for using the word *Connecticut* in a very improper manner, by setting it down among the *doubtful States*, in the Presidential election. Why, Connecticut is as sure for Pierce and King as the day comes. The Democratic majority over the Whigs in this State, at the last election, was about 3,000, on a full vote—and if the Whig cause has been strengthened in Connecticut by the nomination of Gen. Scott, we have got something to learn—that's all. Put down Connecticut as six for Pierce and King.

The encouragement we hold out to strangers are a good climate, fertile soil, wholesome air and water, plenty of provisions and fuel, good pay for labor, kind neighbors, good laws, liberty, and a hearty welcome.—B. Franklin.

Fetter not commerce; invite foreigners to your country; let them fell the forests and cultivate the soil.—Patrick Henry.

I now hesitate between extending the period of resistance before naturalization and a total repeal of all acts of Congress on the subject; my mind inclines to the latter.—Gen. Scott.

MARRIED.

On Sunday, August 9, by C. G. Warren, Esq. Mr. Solomon PALMER to Miss NANCY B. STURGEON, all of this county.

On Tuesday morning, by Rev. T. Lynch, Miss MARGARET J. LITTLE, daughter of Matthew Little, of this city, to Mr. A. R. HISE, of Trumbull county, Ohio.

The Printer was kindly remembered by the fair bride. We wish the happy pair a long life of uninterrupted happiness.

All advertisements must be handed in by 2 o'clock P. M., to insure insertion.

Advertisers will find a ready box for the reception of advertisements for the Daily State Sentinel, at the foot of the stairway to our office, on Washington street.

BY EXPRESS THIS DAY—
ARCTIC JOURNAL, or Eighteen Months in the Polar Regions; by Lieut. S. D. Dobson. Being No. 14 of Putnam's Library. THE DISCARDED DAUGHTER, or Children of the Isle, a Tale of the Chesapeake; by Emma D. E. Nevitt Southworth. THE LAWS OF LIFE, with special reference to the Education of Girls; by Elizabeth Blackwell, M. D. Price 25 cents. THE WAVERLY NOVELS.—Penny Edition. Price 25 cents. C. B. DAVIS & CO., 12 Washington st.

J. GARRATT & SON'S
Patent Combination Table, Toilet, Wash Stand, and Shower Bath.

THE subscribers are now prepared to furnish this beautiful and highly practical article of furniture. It is just what is needed by every family, and will save one lot of money by buying it of the Bell and House Foundry of Garrett, Davis & Co., on Pennsylvania street, south of the Journal office, and leave your orders, where a sample of the machine may be seen. J. GARRATT, DAVIS & CO., 12 Washington st.

OCTOBER ELECTION.

ELECTION DAY—THE SECOND TUESDAY IN OCTOBER

Announced for \$1.00.

We are requested to announce the name of FREDERICK H. BROWN, of Wayne township, as a candidate for Senator, at the ensuing October election, subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention.

We are requested by O. H. P. BRY, to state that he will be an independent candidate for Sheriff, at the ensuing October election.

CARTER'S INDIANA REPORTS.

Will be, THIS DAY, published and ready for sale, by ACSTON H. BROWN.

REPORTS

CASES ARGUED AND DETERMINED IN THE SUPREME COURT OF JUDICATURE OF THE STATE OF INDIANA.

BEING AN OFFICIAL CONTINUATION OF BLACKFORD'S REPORTS.

WITH TABLES OF THE CASES, ETC. BY HORACE E. CARTER, A. M., OFFICIAL REPORTER.

VOL. I. CONTAINING THE CASES FROM MAY TERM, 1847, TO NOVEMBER TERM, 1849, BOTH INCLUSIVE.

The work is beautifully printed, on good heavy paper, in a style uniform with Blackford's Reports. An analysis accompanies each case, and notes are added to the most important ones. The volume contains 610 pages and will be sold for three dollars.

Lawyers at a distance desiring the work, by remitting their orders, accompanied with the cash, to ACSTON H. BROWN, publisher, at Indianapolis, will receive it promptly by any mode of conveyance they may direct. July 10th.

"I DIGEST." Such is the original significance of the word *Digest*, or of the two Greek words from which it is derived. This is the significant and appropriate title of Dr. Hough's preparation of Digestive Fluid, or Gastric Juice, prepared from the natural substance, as found in the Stomach of the Ox, which is now doing such wonders for Dyspeptic subjects, of all ages and conditions. The scientific evidence upon which it is based, and the proofs of its success, are alike curious and remarkable. The agents furnish pamphlets on the subjects all who call for them, gratis.

BOUND FOR CALIFORNIA!—Contemplating a change in our business, all persons desiring to either by Note or Account, must pay up by the 1st of November. One of the partners is going to California, and must settle up his business as soon as possible. We will sell out entire stock of Goods at great bargains for cash. Prompt attention to this notice may save cost and trouble, so roll up with your money, buy bargains; pay up and we're off. July 21st & 24th.

FEATHERSTON & MAYHEW

R. R. R. See in another column.

CRAIGHAD & BROWNING, W. W. ROBERTS, Agents, Indianapolis.

Real Estate and General Agency Office. INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA. Under the control of W. M. K. Scott, Attorney and Counselor at Law, and Notary Public.

CAUTION TO THE DEAF.—Dr. HARTLEY, Proprietor of the EAR INFIRMARY, 61 Sanson Street, Philadelphia.

The only institution in America exclusively and successfully devoted to the treatment of deaf diseases, and the only acknowledged Auralist in the United States, generally offers to attend all persons suffering from affections of the ear, without charge, until cured, thereby proving his success unequalled, and protecting the deaf from being swindled by paying self styled Auralists exorbitant FEE'S IN ADVANCE, and the infliction of every more serious evil, by permitting the application of dangerous remedies by inexperienced and unskillful hands.

Dr. H. may here state that he has no connection whatever with any person advertising to cure deafness. Neither has he given permission for the publication of a "certificate," purporting to emanate from him, and cannot, therefore, be responsible for any alarming consequences resulting from rashness and desperation. The loss of money may not be material to some persons, but the deprivation of one

Our list of every description, is now more full and complete than ever before offered, and at prices to suit, at

BY EXPRESS.—ROUGHING IT IN THE BUSH; or Life
in Canada. By Susanna Moodie. In 2 parts: being No. 1
12 and 13 of Putnam's Semi-Monthly Library. Just received by
C. B. DAVIS & Co.,
12 Washington st.
July 8. (Locomotive copy)

Membership for carrying on the Wholesale and Retail Bookbinding and Stationery business in all its various branches, under the firm of C. & S. Davis & Co., June 1, 1902. C. S. DAVIS, C. F. WEST.

SILKS! SILKS!—Received today, by Adams & Co's Rack press, 300 yards Fine Silks, and there will be sold later at the SIGN OF THE FLAG.

LARD OIL AND STAR CANDLES.—Star Candles in any quantities to suit purchasers, at CRAIGHREAD & BROWNING's.

25 BELLS, FIRE PROOF PAINT.—Of an extra quality of fusible ground, unvarnished, to which will be sold by the Bbl., or in quantities to suit purchasers, for less than it can be bought from the river. CRAIGHREAD & BROWNING.

200 KECS PURE LEAD; 15 lbs. Lined Oil; 5 bbls. Turpentine. Just received and for sale very low cash, by may21 C. CRAIGHREAD & BROWNING.

300 BOXES Green Glassware, just received, consisting in part of 1 qt., 1 pt. 1 quart and 1 gill. Packing 100 boxes each. Price 10¢ per dozen. **Wm. C. Brown.**

Bottles: 1 pt., 1 qt., 1 gill. **Wm. C. Brown.**

Bottles: Castor Oil all sizes; Ink, Liniment, and Prescription Vial of all sizes; 1200 tins Vaseline, from 3 oz. to 5 oz.; and all kinds of Vaseline Bottle ware, which will be sold less than they can be elsewhere. **Wm. C. Brown.**

brought from Cincinnati, as they have been purchased from manufacturers at the lowest rates.

July 21. **CRAIGHARD & BROWNING.**

NEW BOOKS BY EXPRESS.

THE FAMILY READER, OR MEDIA OF MODERN AGRICULTURE, by Rev. John I. Blake, D. D.

THE COW, DAIRY, HUSBANDRY, AND CATTLE BREEDING, by M. M. Milburn.

THE FASHION, POLITICS, AND MORALS; A NOVEL BY CLIFTON BROWN.

THE FASHION, POLITICS, AND MORALS; A NOVEL BY Arthur Townley.

PENCIL, SKETCHES, OR OUTLINES OF CHARACTER AND MANNERS; BY Miss Lane, author of "Mrs. Washington Post," and "Mrs. Smith," with other stories.

EOLINE, or MAGNOLIA VALE: A NOVEL BY Caroline Lee Hearn, author of "Marcella Warren," &c.

Just received by **B. DAVIS & CO.,**
June 20. 12 Washington Street.

AGENTS WANTED.—Our hundred Agents wanted to canvass the State of Indiana, for Mansfield's LIFE OF GEN. SCOTT. Industrious, competent men, can make from Two to Five Dollars per day by canvassing this work. This series of little copious supplied to furnish subscribers, and all other necessary information can be had at the Book Store of **B. DAVIS & CO.,**
June 22. [Statement and Locomotive copy.]

WRECKING SILK CATERPILERS.

J. F. FAIRBANKS,
Sign of the Big Red Rose

Paper Warehouse.

THE undersigned offer for sale a full assortment of Paper, and
Tracing News, Book, Flete, Cop, and Letter Paper; Candles
Tobacco, Mantle, Wrapping, and colored Printing paper, Bag
Hemp, and Straw Wrapping Paper, Bourel Boxes, etc., etc., of
best qualities, and at low market prices. Orders solicited, which
will be filled at same prices as if purchased in person. We also
make to order, at short notice News and Book Paper.

NIXON & Co.,
Manufacturers and Dealers in Paper.

N. B.—The highest market price paid for Rags in cash, or ex-
change for paper.

MADEISON AND INDIANAPOLIS RAILROAD

CHARGE OF TIME—On and after
MONDAY next, 9th inst., the passenger
Trains on this road will run as follows:

EXPRESS TRAIN—Leave Madison 7 o'clock, A. M., arrive
Indianapolis at 11: 15 A. M. Leave Indianapolis at 11: 45, A. M.
arrive at Madison at 4 o'clock, P. M.

This train will stop for passengers only at Vernon, Columbus,
Edinburgh and Edinburgh.

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN—Leave Indianapolis 15 minutes after
the Express Train.

A DAMS & CO'S EXPRESS TO ST. LOUIS.—We are now running an Express, accompanied by a special messenger, via Terre Haute, to St. Louis direct, and are prepared to transport packages, money, and valuables in the shortest time at low rates. We will make collections, and charging only for the transportation of the money. **C. WOODWARD,** Agent. Indianapolis, August 3, 1852.

A DAMS & CO'S EXPRESS ON INDIANAPOLIS AND BELLEFONTAINE RAILROAD.—In order to afford our customers every facility in our power for the transportation of goods, we have commenced running an Express, August 9th, daily line on the Indianapolis and Bellefontaine Railroad to Muskegon, extending the same as the road progresses, and will then be prepared to transport Merchandise, Money, and valuables at the lowest rates. **C. WOODWARD,** Agent. Indianapolis, August 3, 1852.

FOR SHAWLS AND MANTILLAS.—Figured Black Silk 90 Cents; Nett, one and a half yards wide. Also Black Silk Trim Lace, all widths and varieties. Just received by **myself** **H. J. HORN**

BY EXPRESS.
UP THE RHINE, 2 parts, by Thos. Hood; being 10 and 11 of Putnam's Library.
PREQUINOT, C. Translated by G. P. R. James.
THE POLITICAL WORKS OF LOUIS NAPOLEON, now first translated into plain English.
DOLLARS AND CENTS; by Amy Lathrop, 2 vols.
MEMOIRS OF JAMES FENIMORE COOPER.
THE SOLAR SYSTEM; a descriptive treatise upon the Sun, Moon, and Planets; by J. Russell Hind.

C. B. DAVIS & Co.,
No 12, Washington Street.
#m10

FOREIGN DRAFTS.—Drafts on London, England, which will bear a premium in Scotland, Ireland, Turkey, and Germany for sale in any amount, from £1 upwards, at the low rates of
Adams & Co.'s Express Office,
#jun10f **C. WOODWARD,** Agent.

SPICES: PURE GROUND!
3 Bbls. pure Gumbo Ginger; 75 lbs. Nutmegs;

1 bale Cinnamon: 3 do Allspice;
Together with all kinds of Spices, both ground and unground,
for sale at ap20 CRAIGHEAD & BROWN'S.

FOR SHAWLS AND MANTILLAS, figured Silk, nett, or
and a half yard wide. Also Black Silk Lining Lace,
widths and qualities. Just received by
may26 H. J. HORN.

SILKS BY EXPRESS.—This day received by Express, from
New York, a splendid lot of Black Silks, all widths and qual-
ities. H. J. HORN.

BLACKSMITH TOOLS.—Anvil, Bellows, Vices, Screw
plates, Sledges, Hammers, Raps and Pins, &c.
For sale very low by
july2. THOMAS BUIST,
Sign of the Red Anvil.

STILL ANOTHER LOT of superb Black Silks received this
day, by Express, from New York, which are going off of
Cal and are before purchasing. july2. H. J. HORN.

ADAMS & CO'S EXPRESS.
Our Messengers deliver daily to all the Continental Mer-
chants of the city and others having orders, can have the same
attended to in person, by the Messenger, and the goods returned re-
turn Express.

No charge for orders if left at the office by 11 o'clock A. M.
july20. C. WOODWARD, Agent.

COFFEE—25 bags prime Rio Coffee, just received and for sale
at [see adv] J. W. HOLLAND.

PAINTS **GROUND IN OIL—**
 Red Lead, ground in Oil;
 Celestial Blue, ground in oil;
 Gumrose Green, ground in oil;
 Paris Green, ground in oil;
 Lampblack, ground in oil;
 Patent Dryer;
 In any quantities to suit purchasers, for sale at the lowest figures
 by (July 23) **CRAIGHEAD & BROWNING.**

6000 LBS. PURE WHITE LEAD, in bags, from 25 1/2
 to 300 lbs. each
 5 bbls. Linseed Oil
 5 bbls Spirits Turpentine.
 Just received and for sale at the lowest figures by
 July 23. **CRAIGHEAD & BROWNING.**

SPLENDED BARGAINS IN CARPETS, AT ROBINSON'S
CARPET WAREHOUSE—The undersigned would draw
 the attention of housekeepers to his immense assortment of Val-
 Tapestry, Brussels, Two and Three ply Ingrain, Venetian, a
 Danish Carpets, Mottings, Oil Cloths, Rugs, &c., &c., over
 1000 pieces new and second hand, which he pledges himself to sell
 at unusually prices. Call and examine for yourself.

H. J. HORN,
Sign of the Big S

HARPER'S NEW MONTHLY MAGAZINE, for Ju
just received by
C. B. DAVIS & Co.
18 Washington street

10 DOZ JELLEY GLASSES, assorted patterns, new op
and for sale. **marble**
JACOB LINLEY

NEW JEWELRY—just received a package of new sty
N. Great Pins, Ear Rings, Cuff Pins, and Gold Chains, w
be sold at small profits, at
W. N. TALBOTTS

NEW FIRM.—The subscriber having formed a connection w
Mr. F. A. DUZAN, the Drug business of his establishment

will hereafter conducted under the firm of HANNAN & DUZAN, and it is desirable to have all outstanding accounts paid to them as early as possible. Persons owing such will please present them for settlement. Wm. HANNAN

PAINT, VARNISH, & SHOE BRUSHES—We do a large quantity of Paint, Varnish, and Shoe Brushes at wholesale and retail, at very low rates, for sale at HANNAN & DUZAN'S Great Store

TAPSTRY CARPETING—Just received 3 pieces metropolis of those splendid Tapestry Carpets, at 62 1/2c per yard. H. J. HORN

INGRAM'S Calicoes, good colors, Lawns, &c., now selling at reduced rates at BRYAN & BOLMAN

